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Gas-Liquid And Liquid-Liquid Separators Maurice Stewart, Ken Arnold. This practical guide is designed to help engineers and operators develop a ?feel? for selection, specification, operating parameters, and trouble-shooting separators; form an understanding of the uncertainties and assumptions inherent in operating the equipment. The goal is to

Liquid oxygen—abbreviated LOx, LOX or Lox in the aerospace, submarine and gas industries—is the liquid form of molecular oxygen.It was used as the oxidizer in the first liquidfueled rocket invented in

1926 by Robert H. Goddard, an application which has continued to the present.

Because the basic particle in ice, water, and steam is the water molecule, the same process can also be shown as: Here the (s) stands for solid, the (l) stands for liquid, and the (g) stands for gas. Unlike water, most chemical substances don't have different names for the solid, liquid, and gas forms. Freezing point of a substance

Gases become liquids; liquids become solids. On the other hand, increasing temperature and decreasing pressure allows particles to move father apart. Solids become liquids; liquids become gases. De-

pending on the conditions, a substance may skip a phase, so a solid may become a gas or a gas may become a solid without experiencing the liquid phase.

Liquid mixture: At other times, gas is the substance that occupies a smaller proportion of the mixture, leaving the largest place for the liquid. All beverages that have gas are a very clear example, because there is a effervescence given by the carbon dioxide in the liquid.

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